

试卷代号:1351

国家开放大学(中央广播电视大学)2014年秋季学期“开放本科”期末考试

高级英语(1) 试题

2015年1月

注 意 事 项

一、将你的学号、姓名及分校(工作站)名称填写在答题纸的规定栏内。考试结束后,把试卷和答题纸放在桌上。试卷和答题纸均不得带出考场。监考人收完考卷和答题纸后才可离开考场。

二、仔细阅读题目的说明,并按题目要求答题。答案一定要写在答题纸的指定位置上,写在试卷上的答案无效。

三、用蓝、黑圆珠笔或钢笔答题,使用铅笔答题无效。

Information for the examinees:

This examination consists of 4 parts. They are:

I : Vocabulary and Grammar (30 points)

II : Reading comprehension (30 points)

III : Cloze (10 points)

IV : Writing (30 points)

The total marks for this examination are 100 points . Time allowed for completing this examination is 90 minutes.

There will be no extra time to transfer answers to the Answer Sheet; therefore ,you should write ALL your answers on the Answer Sheet as you do each task.

I . Vocabulary and Grammar(2 points each,30 points in total)

Choose the best answer for each blank from the four choices given. Write your answer on the Answer Sheet.

1. At the moment, I _____ lots of new friends.
A. make
B. 's making
C. 'm making
D. makes
2. _____ you _____ the supporters club's Internet address?
A. Are... knowing
B. Does... know
C. Can... know
D. Do... know
3. _____ the band _____ a lot?
A. Is... rehearse
B. Does... rehearsing
C. Has... been rehearsing
D. Has... been rehearsed
4. When her brother was in prison, she _____ him every month.
A. had visited
B. visited
C. was visiting
D. visits
5. I _____ her after she had spent six months in prison.
A. hadn't recognised
B. wasn't recognizing
C. didn't recognize
D. isn't recognizing
6. When he crashed the car, he _____ six bottles of beer.
A. drank
B. was drinking
C. drinks
D. had drunk
7. Unfortunately, I _____ see the manager so I wrote to her instead.
A. couldn't
B. mustn't
C. didn't have to
D. can't
8. Hey girls, _____ you make us some sandwiches?
A. should
B. must
C. can
D. may
9. Scientists are certain that the sea level _____ rise in the next 200 years.
A. is going to
B. may
C. will
D. should
10. Hurry up! They _____ a group meeting in Room 6 soon.
A. may have
B. are having
C. have had
D. have

11. Today, the motel _____ by members of the same family.
A. is managed B. was managed
C. will be managed D. has been managed
12. She told me that she _____ a car since 1990.
A. hadn't driven B. wasn't driving
C. didn't drive D. wouldn't drive
13. You _____ have seen her at the station-she was at home with me!
A. mustn't B. should
C. couldn't D. may
14. The game is complex so you need _____ patience to learn it.
A. some B. many
C. a few D. not much
15. We _____ to buy some drinks before we get on the train.
A. can B. stop
C. think about D. need

II. Reading comprehension (30 points)

Passage A (4 points each, 20 points in total)

Read the article and then judge whether the statements followed are true (T) or false (F)? Write “T” or “F” at the corresponding place on the answer sheet. (4 points each, 20 points in total)

It's a typical Saturday afternoon on Cathedral Square in Peterborough, in the east of England. Two noisy gangs of young people are sitting in the centre of the square. One group are wearing tracksuits and baseball caps and brand-new white trainers. A lot of them are wearing jewellery like gold chains and earrings. They're the 'Chavs'. Opposite them are the 'Goths'. They're wearing black Doctor Marten boots, long black coats and black T-shirts with the names of their favorite bands on them. Some of them are wearing lipstick and eyeliner and a few of them have piercings. Nervous shoppers hurry past them, trying not to make eye contact. It seems to be quiet but you feel that at any moment a fight could start. The police say these young people are probably harmless-perhaps they just hang around the square because there's nothing better to do. But older people say they are tired of putting up with the noise and litter. These kinds of problems certainly aren't unique to Peterborough. But after trying several different methods, Peterborough City Council has a radical plan to change things.

The council's controversial plan to bring peace to the city starts on a Tuesday morning during the half-term holiday. A group of fourteen Chavs and Goths of both sexes are travelling by bus to a secret location in the countryside, ten miles out of town. There are more Chavs than Goths-maybe it's hard for some Goths to get up in the mornings! When they finally arrive, supervisors ask them to put on camouflage clothing. And then the two gangs spend the rest of the morning pretending to shoot at each other.

Don't worry-the guns are not real (they fire plastic balls filled with paint) and it's all for fun. But isn't it dangerous to fight aggression with aggression? Is a game of paintball really the best way to bring young people together? Steve Mayes, the organizer of the event, feels that it is. He thinks these controversial games give the two groups something to do and can start them talking. 'It gets rid of a lot of energy too-it's much better than playing games on Playstations and Xboxes,' he says. Meanwhile, the Chavs and Goths are fooling around; there's a lot of shouting and laughter and everyone appears to be having fun.

At the end of the day Steve Mayes believes the event was a success-the two groups are already talking to each other. 'It's like football,' says Denise, another organizer. You choose which team you belong to. But at the end of the day, Chavs and Goths are the same sort of people.'

Are the statements true (T) or false (F)?

16. The scenes that are described in the first paragraph don't happen very often.
17. The shoppers in Peterborough are afraid to look at the young people in the square.
18. The police don't think the young people are dangerous.
19. Peterborough isn't the only place where you can find such problems.
20. Only boys are taking part in the council's events.

Passage B(2 points each, 10 points in total)

Read the extract, choose the correct answer and write your answer on the answer sheet.

Presenter: [*American accent*] So... what did happen to Amelia Earhart on her last flight? With me in the studio I'm joined by Bruce Holtz, who has been studying the story for many years. Bruce, can you tell us some of the theories about Amelia's tragic accident?

Bruce: [*West Coast US accent*] Well, according to some theories Amelia didn't actually die. For many years some people believed that she survived and then worked for the Japanese during the war.

Presenter: The Japanese? You have to remember that Japan was America's big enemy, even in the 1930s.

Bruce: Yes, that's right. The story is that during the Second World War, the Japanese broadcast anti-US propaganda on the radio to America. This was read by someone who called herself Tokyo Rose, an American woman living in Japan. Some people thought that perhaps Tokyo Rose was Amelia Earhart. However, Amelia's husband listened to dozens of tapes of the broadcasts but he couldn't identify his wife's voice. So the theory seems unlikely.

Presenter: Mmm. What other theories are there?

Bruce: Well, another theory was that Amelia was actually a US spy and that she was caught and killed by the Japanese. In 1937 a 15-year-old boy said he heard Amelia Earhart on his radio on 2 July, the day she disappeared. He said that he heard a scream and the woman said Japanese soldiers had entered the plane.

Presenter: Well, that sounds quite convincing, doesn't it?

Bruce: Er, yes and no. You have to remember that Americans were very worried about Japan back then. Any information from the Pacific region about what the Japanese were doing was very useful. Amelia could have tried to get information-like taking photos. But if she was a spy, there would definitely be files and documents about this in the FBI and government records. The problem is that many researchers spent a long time searching these records in the 1990s and they didn't find any information at all about Amelia being a spy.

Presenter: Which theories are more likely then?

Bruce: Well, probably the simplest explanation is that Amelia simply ran out of gas and crashed into the ocean. In fact, Amelia did definitely mention that she was starting to run out of gas in her last radio message. But there was no sign of panic and we have since calculated that she must have had enough fuel for at least four more hours when she disappeared. So, it's an easy explanation but it's also easy to prove that it's not true. Perhaps the most intriguing story comes from the island of Nikumaroro in the Pacific. Years after Amelia's disappearance, some researchers on the island noticed that the islanders were using metal plates. The metal looked like it could have come from an aeroplane.

Presenter: So you're saying that Amelia tried to land her plane on another island. This Niko, er...

Bruce: Nikumaroro, yes. Perhaps they decided to land there because they knew the fuel would run out.

Presenter: Or perhaps they had made a mistake-they thought they had reached their destination-Howland Island. But it was the wrong island.

Bruce: Of course, that is also a possibility. Remember-these islands are very small and Amelia's plane would have been very high up above the ocean. You can imagine how easy it is to choose the wrong island by mistake. But remember that Fred Noonan was a very experienced navigator, perhaps the best in the world at the time.

Presenter: But I thought that the US Navy spent 16 days looking for the plane-and that ships and Navy planes explored all the islands in the area?

Bruce: That is correct. The Navy claimed that they had searched the island in 1937. But who knows? The plane might have crashed into the sea as they were trying to land on the island and was never found.

Presenter: OK. Now finally, something I've really wanted to ask. I remember an episode of Star Trek from years ago that mentioned Amelia Earhart. The story suggested that Amelia and Fred Noonan had been captured by aliens! Is there any evidence for this?

Bruce: It's a nice story but I don't think you need me to answer that question. . .

Presenter: Er, OK. Bruce Holtz, thank you.

Read the questions and circle the correct answers.

21. The messages broadcast by Tokyo Rose

- A. started in the 1930s.
- B. were read by an American.
- C. were very popular with Amelia's husband.
- D. supported the USA.

22. Researchers couldn't find any information on Amelia in the FBI records because

- A. she may have been killed by the Japanese.
- B. researchers only started looking in the 1990s.
- C. she probably wasn't a spy.
- D. researchers didn't look for long enough.

23. When Amelia sent her last message

- A. she still had gas for several hours' flying.
- B. she was extremely worried about how much gas she had left.
- C. she had already run out of gas.
- D. she was about to crash.

24. The story about the metal plates on Nikumaroro suggests that
- Amelia had met the islanders.
 - the plane might have landed or crashed nearby.
 - the US Navy hadn't searched the area near the island.
 - Fred Noonan wasn't good at navigating.
25. Bruce doesn't want to answer the question about Star Trek because
- he hadn't seen it.
 - he didn't have any evidence for the theory.
 - he didn't think it was a serious question.
 - he didn't like the series.

III. Cloze

Choose the best answer for each blank from the four choices given and write your answer on the Answer Sheet. (2 points each, 10 points in total)

Do you dream of being a 26 _____ rock star with a 27 _____-driven Rolls Royce and dozens of 28 _____ chasing you for your 29 _____? Think carefully! Not everyone is 30 _____ the task. You need to be very determined and confident. How would you feel if you went to an audition and the judges said you had a terrible voice or you were too fat?

- | | | | |
|--------------------|---------------|-----------|---------------|
| 26. A comedian | B millionaire | C monk | D instructor |
| 27. A bodyguard | B graduate | C pope | D chauffeur |
| 28. A fans | B spies | C coaches | D aristocrats |
| 29. A consultation | B courage | C talent | D autograph |
| 30. A up to | B up on | C over to | D in with |

IV. Writing(30 points)

31. Write an essay giving arguments for and against the statement, 'University students should pay for their own education.', and state your own opinion.

Remember to

- Start with a statement that most people will agree with.
- Explain why the issue is controversial.
- Present the arguments in favour (for) the statement.
- Present the arguments against the statement
- End with a conclusion that pulls together both sides of the argument.

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座位号

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高级英语(1) 试题答题纸

2015 年 1 月

题 号	I	II	III	IV	总 分
分 数					

得 分	评卷人

I . Vocabulary and Grammar(2 points each,30 points in total)

Choose the best answer for each blank from the four choices given. Write your answer on the Answer Sheet.

1.
2.
3.
4.
5.
6.
7.
8.
9.
10.
11.
12.
13.
14.
15.

得 分	评卷人

II . Reading comprehension (30 points)

Passage A(4 points each,20 points in total)

Read the article and then judge whether the statements followed are true (T) or false (F)? Write “T” or “F” at the corresponding place on the answer sheet.

16.
17.
18.
19.
20.

Passage B(2 points each,10 points in total)

Read the extract,choose the correct answer and write your answer on the answer sheet.

21.
22.
23.
24.
25.

得 分	评卷人

III. Cloze (2 points each ,10 points in total)

Choose the best answer for each blank from the four choices given and write your answer on the Answer Sheet.

26.

27.

28.

29.

30.

得 分	评卷人

IV. Writing(30 points)

31. Write an essay giving arguments for and against the statement, 'University students should pay for their own education. ',and state your own opinion.

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国家开放大学(中央广播电视大学)2014年秋季学期“开放本科”期末考试

高级英语(1) 试题答案及评分标准

(供参考)

2015年1月

I. Vocabulary and Grammar(2 points each,30 points in total)

1. C
2. D
3. C
4. B
5. C
6. D
7. A
8. C
9. C
10. B
11. A
12. A
13. C
14. A
15. D

II. Reading comprehension (30 points)

Passage A(4 points each,20 points in total)

16. F
17. T
18. T
19. T
20. F

Passage B(2 points each,10 points in total)

21. B
22. C
23. A
24. B
25. C

III. Cloze(2 points each, 10 points in total)

26. B
27. D
28. A
29. D
30. A

IV. Writing(30 points)

31. 写作题评分标准

26—30 分	内容切题,完整,条理清楚,文章结构严谨,语法正确,语言通顺恰当,句式用词富有变化,有“闪光点”,基本无语言错误。
21—25 分	内容切题,完整,条理清楚,文章结构严谨,语法正确,语言通顺恰当,少量语法错误。
16—20 分	内容基本切题,完整,条理基本清楚,文章结构基本严谨,语法基本正确,语言基本通顺恰当,少量严重错误,一些词使用不当。
11—15 分	内容基本切题,完整,条理不够清楚,较明显的母语痕迹,较多语言错误,许多词使用不当。
6—10 分	内容偏题,不完整,思路混乱,语句不完整,只有少数句子可以理解,词汇拼写严重错误。