国家开放大学(中央广播电视大学)2014 年秋季学期"开放本科"期末考试

高级英语听说(1) 试题

2015 年1月

注意事项

一、将你的学号、姓名及分校(工作站)名称填写在答题纸的规定栏内。考试结束后,把试卷和答题纸放在桌上。试卷和答题纸均不得带出考场。

二、考试时间大约为 30 分钟,请抓紧时间读题、做题和检查。

三、仔细读懂题目的说明,并按题目要求答题。答案一定要写在答题纸的指定位置上,写在试卷上的答案无效。

四、用黑圆珠笔或钢笔答题,使用铅笔答题无效。

Section One

In this section, you are going to listen to 10 questions. Choose the best answer to each question and write it on the Answer Sheet. You are going to listen to each question twice. (20 points, 2 points each)

1.	
A. No problem. Just follow me.	B. See you later.
C. Ok. Here's my address.	D. Thanks. You're very helpful.
2.	
A. I'm afraid I can't dance.	
B. The film starts at five.	
C. Nice to meet you,	
D. I'd love to, but I've got things to	do.
3.	
A. He'll come back tomorrow.	B. He'll join us tomorrow.
C. He got in just this morning.	D. He went out this morning.
4.	
A. Yes. I like coffee very much.	B. No. I prefer to cook at home.
C. Sorry. I can't help you.	D. Ok. Here is my email address.
5.	
A. It's not very fair.	B. It takes an hour.
C. It's not very far from here.	D. It's two dollars.
6.	
A. It's over there at the corner.	B. The stamps cost \$2.50.
C. Yes, it is.	D. No. I don't have one.
7.	
A. No, I don't like it.	B. Yes, there is one at the corner.
C. The post office is closed.	D. Yes, you can borrow mine.

8.

A. Yes. The concert starts at 8.00.

B. No one can hear you tonight.

C. No. We don't have any tickets.

D. Yes. The film is very good.

9.

A. Yes, it is.

B. No, thank you.

C. Yes, please.

D. No. I can do it myself.

10.

A. How about going to see a film?

B. Would you like some chicken?

C. The fish is very nice here. Want to try?

D. I'll just have a soup please.

Section Two

Directions: In this section, you are going to listen to two conversations. After each conversation, there are five questions. Choose the best answer to each question and write it on the Answer Sheet. You are going to listen to each conversation twice. (20 points, 2 points each) Conversation 1

- 11. How did Barbara feel?
 - A. She had a toothache. B. She had a heart disease.
 - C. She had a sore throat.
- 12. What did the doctor say about Barbara's illness?
 - A. She had got a flu, B. She was ill just last week.
 - C. She needed an operation,
- 13. What kind of food did Barbara mostly eat?
 - A. Salad and fruits. B. Hamburgers and pizza.
 - C. Rice and vegetables.

- 14. Why was Barbara tired?
 - A. She couldn't go to sleep at night.
 - B. She had too much to do at work.
 - C. She was preparing for some tests.

15. How often did the doctor ask her to take aspirins?

A. Twice a day. B. Three times a day.

C. Four times a day.

Conversation 2

- 16. Where is Kim from?
 - A. The United States B. Korea
 - C. China
- 17. Why is the food in the American family strange for Kim?
 - A. The family doesn't give her enough to eat.
 - B. The family doesn't eat vegetables.
 - C. The family doesn't eat meat.
- 18. How is Kim feeling lately?
 - A. She misses her family in her own country.
 - B. She has been feeling a little sick lately.
 - C. She is angry that she has to live with a family.
- 19. What does Kim dislike about living in the family's house?
 - A. The family is smoking in the house.
 - B. She has to go outside to smoke.
 - C. She has to eat out on the weekends.
- 20. Which of the following is an advantage of living with the family?
 - A. They take Kim to cinemas.
 - B. They help Kim with her English.
 - C. They cook delicious meals for Kim.

Section Three

Directions: In this section, you are going to listen to two lectures. After each lecture, there are 10 statements. Decide whether the statement is true (T) or false (F) and write your answer on the Answer Sheet. You are going to listen to each lecture twice. (40 points, 2 points each) Part One

- 21. I'm a woman wrestler.
- 22. Women wrestling became an Olympic sport in 2004.
- 23. Wrestling is a new sport.
- 24. I learned wrestling from my brothers.
- 25. I started to wrestle again when I was 12.
- 26. The rules for women's wrestling are the same as for men.
- 27. You will win if your opponent is sitting on the floor.
- 28. You need to get 2 more points than your opponent to win.
- 29. Wrestiers compete in the same age group.
- 30. In team sports, you don't take all the responsibilities for failure.

Part Two

- 31. The topic of the talk is folk wisdom.
- 32. Not every culture has folk wisdom.
- 33. Sayings that give advice about life are "folk wisdom".
- 34. Science fiction can also be folk wisdom.
- 35. Folk wisdom often tells people how to deal with happiness and sadness.
- 36. President Obama is one of the three Americans mentioned.
- 37. American folk wisdom is often humorous.
- 38. Ben Franklin is famous for his humorous folk wisdom.
- 39. Franklin liked to enjoy life.
- 40. Franklin told other people to enjoy life just as he did.

Section Four

In this section, you are going to listen to a conversation. Fill in the blanks as you listen to the

conversation. Write your answer on the Answer Sheet. You are going to listen to it twice.

(20 points, 2 points each)

Peter: Wow. Look. It's raining cats and dogs — again! I hate this weather. When does winter break start?

Jack: Winter break? It's only October.

- Peter: I know, but I'm (41) _____ of studying. I want to go someplace warm and lie on the beach for a week. Someplace where it's (42) _____ and dry. Florida or Hawaii, maybe?
- Jack: Yeah. Where we can go swimming and snorkeling and get a great (43) _____. Now that's my idea of a perfect vacation.
- Ming: Not mine. I can't swim very well, and I don't like lying in the sun.
- Peter: Oh, yeah? How come?
- Ming: I don't know. I just (44) ______ the mountains, especially in winter. I love snowboarding. In fact I'm planning to go to Bear Mountain with some (45) ______ in December. Do you guys want to come?
- Jack: No thanks. I went there last year. I was freezing the (46) ______ time. Anyway, I don't know how to ski very well. Last year I (47) ______ about a hundred times.

Ming: Peter, how about you?

- Jack: By the way, what's the weather forecast for tomorrow?

Ming: The same as today. Cloudy, (49) _____, and a 90 percent chance of rain.

Jack: Oh, no! I left my umbrella at the library.

Ming: You can borrow (50) _____. I've got an extra one.

座位号

国家开放大学(中央广播电视大学)2014 年秋季学期"开放本科"期末考试

高级英语听说(1) 试题答题纸

2015年1月

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题号	Section One	Section Two	Section Three	Section Four	总分
分数					
得 分 评卷人	Sectio	on One (20)	points, 2 points	each)	
1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	
6.	7.	8.	9.	10.	
得 分 评卷人	Sectio	n Two (20	points, 2 points	each)	
11.	12.	13.	14.	15.	
16.	17.	18.	19.	20.	
得 分 评卷人	Sectio	n Three (40) points, 2 poin	ts each)	
21.	22.	23.	24.	25.	
26.	27.	28.	29.	30.	
31.	32.	33.	34.	35.	
36.	37.	38.	39.	40.	

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得分 评卷人	Section Four	(20 points, 2 points each)
41.		42.
43.		44.
45.		46.
47.		48.
49.		50.

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国家开放大学(中央广播电视大学)2014年秋季学期"开放本科"期末考试

高级英语听说(1) 试题答案及评分标准

(供参考)

2015年1月

Section One (20 points, 2 points each)					
1. A	2.	. D	3. C	4. B	5. D
6. C	7.	. В	8. A	9. A	10. B
Section	Two (20 poin	ts, 2 points eac	ch)		
11.	C 12	2. A	13. B	14. C	15. C
16.	B 17	7. C	18. A	19. B	20. B
Section	Section Three (40 points, 2 points each)				
21.	T 22	2. T	23. F	24. T	25. F
26.	T 27	7. F	28. F	29. F	30. T
31.	T 32	2. F	33. T	34. F	35. T
36.	F 37	7. T	38. T	39. T	40. F
Section	Section Four (20 points, 2 points each)				
41.	sick 42	2. sunny	43. tan	44. prefer	45. friends
46.	whole 47	7. fell	48.70	49. cold	50. mine

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国家开放大学(中央广播电视大学)2014年秋季学期"开放本科"期末考试

高级英语听说(1) 口试题签(1)

2015年1月

Instructions:

- The test consists of two sections; Section One and Two.
- You have 5 minutes to prepare for the test.
- In preparing for Section Two, consider what to say, and how to say it such as in what sequence, how to connect, how to emphasize, etc.

Section One

Directions: Read aloud the part between the stars (*). (2 minutes)

O.K., let's begin our class.

(*)Today, we're talking about smoking in the United States. Specifically, I'm going to talk about the effect that scientific research on smoking has had on our culture.

First, I need to talk about an important term, secondhand smoke. That's smoke from someone else's cigarette. When you're sitting next to someone who is smoking, you are breathing in his or her smoke. Secondhand smoke has about 60 carcinogens in it. Carcinogens are chemicals that cause cancer. Some medical researchers estimate that as many as 60,000 non-smokers die each year because of secondhand smoke.

I think that you can understand why a lot of non-smokers are angry about this. They have pushed states and cities to ban smoking in all public places. Many places in the United States now have very strict anti-smoking laws for businesses, restaurants, hotels, and bars. All air flights in the United States must be non-smoking flights. (*)

Although there are strict non-smoking laws in many cities across the United States, some regions are clearly stricter than others. The anti-smoking movement tends to be strongest on the West Coast, for example in California, and in the Northeast. Anti-smoking laws vary considerably. In some cities, you can smoke in bars, but not in restaurants. In other cities, you are not allowed to smoke in any public place.

Section Two

Speak based on a given topic: (3 minutes)

Describe one of the restaurants that you like based on the following questions:

What is the name of the restaurant?

How expensive is the restaurant?

Who are typical customers at this restaurant (e.g., single adults)?

What is the atmosphere in the restaurant (e.g. noisy, bright)?

What kind of food does the restaurant serve?

What does it look like inside? Is it attractively decorated?

国家开放大学(中央广播电视大学)2014 年秋季学期"开放本科"期末考试

高级英语听说(1) 口试题签(2)

2015年1月

Instructions:

- The test consists of two sections: Section One and Two.
- You have 5 minutes to prepare for the test.
- In preparing for Section Two, consider what to say, and how to say it such as in what sequence, how to connect, how to emphasize, etc.

Section One

Directions: Read aloud the part between the stars (*). (2 minutes)

At what age does a child become an adult? The answer depends on your culture or religion. Here are a few examples.

First, in some North American Indian cultures, a boy becomes a man around the age of 13. At that time, he goes into the woods alone, without food or water, for several days. When he returns safely, he becomes an adult man. Girls become adult women as soon as they are old enough to have babies, also around the age of 12 or 13.

(*) In the Jewish religion, children spend years studying their history and religion. Then, at age 13 for boys and 12 for girls, they go through an important religious ceremony. The boys' ceremony is called a bar mitzvah and the girls' is called a bat mitzvah. From that day, they are adults, and they are responsible for their own religious development.

In Japan today, young people become legal adults at age of 20. Each year on the second Monday in January, they celebrate "Coming-of-Age Day," when all the twenty-year-olds in a town are invited to attend a special ceremony. They wear traditional clothes, listen to speeches, and visit with old friends.

Finally, in the United States, the passage into adulthood takes several years. American teenagers look forward to their 16th birthday, because in most states that is the age when they can get a driver's license. The legal age of adulthood is 18, when Americans can vote, get married, and work full-time. (*)

Section Two

Speak based on a given topic: (3 minutes)

In Chapter 9 you learned about dating customs. What do you think of Internet dating? What are the advantages and disadvantages of Internet dating? Have you ever tried Internet dating or are you going to try it?

国家开放大学(中央广播电视大学)2014年秋季学期"开放本科"期末考试

高级英语听说(1) 口试题签(3)

2015年1月

Instructions:

- The test consists of two sections: Section One and Two.
- You have 5 minutes to prepare for the test.
- In preparing for Section Two, consider what to say, and how to say it such as in what sequence, how to connect, how to emphasize, etc.

Section One

Directions: Read aloud the part between the stars (*). (2 minutes)

Vancouver, in Western Canada, has delicious Chinese food because there are many Chinese immigrants in that part of Canada. And Vancouver has great fish-like salmon.

(*) San Francisco also has excellent Chinese and Japanese restaurants. Oh, and the bread in San Francisco is really special. Just north of San Francisco there are two little towns called Napa and Sonoma. That's where they make some wonderful California wine.

Now, if you drive to Texas, be sure to eat some Mexican food. It's very spicy, but so delicious. In the Midwest, the middle of the United States, you can find terrific cheese in Wisconsin. And don't forget to have a steak in Chicago. The beef is very good there.

If you drive to the Northeast, try to visit Maine to taste the seafood. Lobster is fantastic. And nearby, in Montreal, Canada, the French food is fabulous. Oh, and if you decide to go down south to Georgia, fried chicken is very popular. And in Florida, of course, you'll find the best oranges. (*)

Section Two

Speak based on a given topic: (3 minutes)

In Chapter 6, you learned about coming-of age ceremonies in different countries. Talk about one of the ceremonies that people usually go through in your hometown (birthday, coming-of-age, graduation, marriage, etc.). Describe what the ceremony is like, and how important it is for a person's future life.

国家开放大学(中央广播电视大学)2014年秋季学期"开放本科"期末考试

高级英语听说(1) 口试

成绩单

2015年1月

学号	姓名	得 分	学号	姓名	得 分
					·

口试教师:_____ 日期:_____

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国家开放大学(中央广播电视大学)2014年秋季学期"开放本科"期末考试

高级英语听说(1) 口试评分标准

(供参考)

2015年1月

Instruction for examiners

- There are 3 sets of test papers for examinees to choose randomly.
- Each examinee is asked to read for 2 minutes and make a 3-minute presentation on the topic he or she has drawn.
- The marking criteria are given below for your reference.

口试评分标准

得分	朗读短文	口头作文
100~90	 语音、语调正确; 朗读流畅,语流自然且 有节奏感; 语速恰当。 	 能紧扣所给的话题有条理地组织自己的讲话; 语言流畅,内容充实; 语音、语调正确。
89 ~ 80	 ● 语音、语调正确; ● 朗读流畅; ● 语速较为恰当。 	 能就所给的话题有条理地组织自己的讲话; 语言较流畅,内容较充实; 语音、语调正确。
79 ~ 70	 ● 语音、语调基本正确; ● 朗读流畅; ● 语速较为自然。 	 基本能就所给的话题组织自己的讲话; 语言基本流畅,内容欠充实; 语音、语调基本正确。
69 ~ 60	 ● 语音、语调基本正确; ● 朗读不够连贯,有一些 错误。 	 基本能就所给的话题组织自己的讲话; 语言欠流畅,内容有限; 语音、语调有一些错误。
59 ~ 0	 ● 语音、语调错误较多; ● 朗读不连贯,错误较多, 影响意思表达。 	 不能就所给的话题组织自己的讲话; 发言无连贯性,几乎无法交际; 语音、语调错误严重。