国家开放大学(中央广播电视大学)2017 年春季学期"开放本科"期末考试

## 高级英语听说(2) 试题

2017年6月

## 注意事项

一、将你的学号、姓名及分校(工作站)名称填写在答题纸的规定栏 内。考试结束后,把试卷和答题纸放在桌上。试卷和答题纸均不得带 出考场。

二、仔细阅读题目的说明,并按题目要求答题。答案一定要写在答题纸的指定位置上,写在试卷上的答案无效。

三、用蓝、黑圆珠笔或钢笔答题,使用铅笔答题无效。

Section One (20 points, 2 points each)

Directions: Listen to the conversation and fill in the blanks with the words you hear. Write the words on the Answer Sheet.

Jeff: Who's there?

Sharon : It's Sharon and Joey!

Jeff: Hi! Come on in. What's happening?

Sharon: Jeff, can you do me a big favor? I just got a call from the office. They want me to look into a computer problem right away. Would you mind (1) \_\_\_\_\_ Joey until I get back?

Jeff: Sure, no problem. Is he asleep?

Sharon: Yeah, he just (2)\_\_\_\_\_\_ asleep ten minutes ago. He usually sleeps for a couple of hours at this time of day. But if he wakes up, just give him a bottle.

Mari: Ooh, what a cute baby! He's so (3) \_\_\_\_!

Jeff: Mari, this is our neighbor, Sharon, and her son, Joey. Sharon, this is our new roommate, Mari.

Mari: Nice to meet you.

Sharon: You too. Listen, I've got to (4)\_\_\_\_\_ off. Thanks so much, Jeff, for helping me out.

Jeff/Mari: Bye!

- Mari: Hey, Jeff, I didn't know you liked babies.
- Jeff: Well, Joey is special. I take care of him from time to time when Sharon's busy. And then she does favors for me in return. Like last week she lent me her (5)\_\_\_\_\_.
- Mari: And her husband? Is he...
- Jeff: She's not married. I don't think she ever was, actually.

Mari: Never?

- Jeff: Nope, never. I think she's happy being a (6) \_\_\_\_\_ mother.
- Mari: Oh. Is that pretty common in America? 1190

Jeff: Well, it's certainly becoming more and more common. Even Nancy used to talk about it. You know, before she got (7)\_\_\_\_\_.

Nancy: Hi, guys.

Mari/Jeff: Hi.

Nancy: Uh, what were you saying about me?

Jeff: That you used to talk about having a baby by yourself before you met Andrew.

- Nancy: ()h yeah, I (8) \_\_\_\_\_ that time was running out You know, like, what if I never got married?
- Mari: Maybel'mold-fashioned, but I could (9)\_\_\_\_\_ bring up a baby by myself. I think it would be so difficult...

Nancy: Yeah, raising a child is tough. I'm really lucky I met Andrew.

Mari: And, if you have a baby, you'll have Jeff here to help you with babysitting.

Jeff: We'll see. Speaking of babysitting, I'd (10) \_\_\_\_\_ check up on Joey.

Section Two (20 points, 2 points each)

#### Part One

Directions: You are going to listen to five short conversations/passages. After each conversation/passage, there is one question. Choose the best answer to each question and write your answers on the Answer Sheet.

#### Number One : a conversation

- 11. The student probably \_\_\_\_\_.
  - A. failed an exam
  - B. was late to class
  - C. plagiarized a term paper

#### Number Two: a conversation

- 12. The second speaker means "\_\_\_\_\_" by saying "oops".
  - A. I made a mistake.
  - B. I dropped something.
  - C. I finally understand.

## Number Three: a monologue

- 13. This person probably lives \_\_\_\_\_ now.
  - A. with his parents
  - B. in a college dormitory
  - C. with roommates

## Number Four: a monologue

- 14. What could happen if you try to bribe a police officer in the United States?
  - A. You will get special treatment.
  - B. You could be arrested.
  - C. It could help your business.

## Number Five: a conversation

- 15. What class is this?
  - A. German
  - B. chemistry
  - C. history

## Part Two

Directions: You are going to listen to one conversation. After the conversation, there are five questions. Choose the best answer to each question and write your answers on the Answer Sheet.

- 16. What is Gina's job?
  - A. A student
  - B. A teacher
  - C. A computer programmer
- 17. What is Gina's problem?
  - A. She doesn't like emails.
  - B. She doesn't have time to answer all her emails.
  - C. She doesn't know how to use email.

- 18. What advice does Mike give?
  - A. Answer all emails immediately.
  - B. Only answer important emails.
  - C. Answer important emails first.

19. What is Mike's advice about a website?

A. Answer emails on a website.

- B. Write emails to a website.
- C. Post messages on a website.

20. Which sentence is true?

- A. Kendra interrupts Gina and Mike because Gina received a phone call.
- B. Mike interrupts Gina because Gina received a phone call.
- C. Mike interrupts Gina and Kendra because Kendra received a phone call.

Section Three (30 points, 3 points each)

Directions: Listen to the conversation and decide whether the following statements are true or

false. Write T for true and F for false on the Answer Sheet.

- 21. Jeff wants to find a fulltime job.
- 22. Jeff wants to drop out of school.
- 23. Jeff's father will support Jeff if he drops out of school.
- 24. Jeff's ideal job has nothing to do with music.
- 25. Burger Ranch is a fast food place.
- 26. Jeff doesn't like his first job at all.
- 27. Nancy has been teaching for four years.
- 28. Nancy's ideal job is to be a writer.
- 29. Mari has a part-time job.
- 30. Most probably it's Jeff that pays for the dinner.

Section Four (30 points, 3 points each)

Directions: Listen to the lecture and fill in the blanks to complete the notes. Write your answers on the Answer Sheet.

#### I. Introduction

- A. Mars-a very popular topic.
- B. NASA & ESA: plans to put humans on Mars by the year (31) \_\_\_\_\_.
- C. Lecture topic: What makes Mars so (32) \_\_\_\_\_ to explore?

## II. Reasons

- A. Mars is the second (33) \_\_\_\_\_ planet to Earth It's easy to see in the (34) \_\_\_\_\_ sky.
- B. Mars is similar to (35) \_\_\_\_\_ in several ways: it also has clouds, winds, a roughly (36) \_\_\_\_\_ -hour day etc.

## **III.** Life on Mars?

- A. Most scientists think there (37) \_\_\_\_\_ life on Mars,
- B. But it's possible there was some kind of life there (38) \_\_\_\_\_\_ of years ago.
  1) In 2003: Scientists found that Mars had a lot of (39) \_\_\_\_\_\_ in the past.
  2) If there was water, then there's the possibility of (40) \_\_\_\_\_\_ also.

座位号

# 国家开放大学(中央广播电视大学)2017年春季学期"开放本科"期末考试

# 高级英语听说(2) 试题答题纸

2017年6月

题	号	Section One	Section	Two	Section	three	Section	four	总	分
分	数									

得 分 评卷人	Sect	ion One (20 point	s, 2 points each	)	
1.	I	2	2.		
3.		4			
5.		6	5.		
7.		8	3.		
9.		1	.0.		
得 分 评卷人	Sect	ion Two (20 point	s, 2 points each	)	
11.	12.	13.	14.	15.	
16.	17.	18.	19.	20.	

得 分 评卷人	Sect	ion Three (30 po	ints, 3 points ea	ch)
21.	22.	23.	24.	25.
26.	27.	28.	29.	30.
得 分 评卷人	Sect	ion Four (30 poir	nts, 3 points eac	h )
31.			32.	
33.			34.	
35.			36.	
37.			38.	
39.			40.	

Section One (20 points, 2 points each)

# 国家开放大学(中央广播电视大学)2017年春季学期"开放本科"期末考试

高级英语听说(2) 试题答案及评分标准

(供参考)

2017年6月

1. watching	2. fell	3. little	4. take	5. car			
6. single	7. married	8. worried	9. never	10. better			
Section Two (20 points, 2 points each)							
11. C	12. B	13. A	14. B	15. A			
16. B	17. B	18. C	19. C	20. A			
Section Three (30 points, 3 points each)							
21. T	22. T	23. F	24. F	25. T			
26. T	27. F	28. T	29. F	30. F			
Section Four (30 points, 3 points each)							
31. 2030	32. attractive	33. closest	34. night	35. Earth			
36. 24	37. isn't	38. thousands	39. water	40. life			

国家开放大学(中央广播电视大学)2017年春季学期"开放本科"期末考试

# 高级英语听说(2) 口试题签(1)

2017年6月

#### Section One

#### Directions: Read aloud the part between the stars ( \* ). (2 minutes)

Good morning everyone, my name is Nancy Anderson, and I'm the director of the Study Support Center. OK. This morning I want to give you a general introduction to the kind of study support we offer here. After that, we'll have time for some questions before taking a break for coffee. OK?

(\*)First, I want to tell you about the different types of classes we have available here in the Center. There are four main types of classes: small group classes, language lab, computer lab, and individual study. Small group classes usually have five to eight students. They meet with a teacher once a week to practice speaking and communication skills. Groups are usually divided according to their major: business or law, for example. Language lab classes are for practicing pronunciation and listening skills. You can sign up for language lab classes at any time. There's no teacher, but a teaching assistant will help you find the right program, which you can work through at your own speed. Computer lab classes are in the library. You don't need to sign up. But look at the schedule for times of classes when a teaching assistant can help you with the basics of using computers and the Internet. Finally, you can meet with an individual tutor in our support center to get advice on any problems you're having with your studies. You can meet for one hour up to three times a week. But sign up early, the schedule gets filled up very quickly, especially around exam time! (\*)

## Section Two Speak based on one of the following topics: (3 minutes)

- 1. Describe the university system in our country based on the following topics:
  - A. Types of university courses
  - B. Who teaches university courses
  - C. Class sizes
  - D. Course requirements for different majors
  - E. Types of exams
  - F. Punishment for plagiarism(剽窃)

2. Have you got a job? If yes, do you like it, why or why not? If no, what's your ideal job, why?

## 国家开放大学(中央广播电视大学)2017年春季学期"开放本科"期末考试

# 高级英语听说(2) 口试题签(2)

#### 2017年6月

Have you ever seen the old television show Father Knows Best? You probably haven't because it was a popular comedy show in the 1950s—way before you were born. It was about a family: a father, who went to work every day; a mother, who stayed home and took care of the house; and the children—two or three, I can't remember. Anyway, in those days that was considered to be a typical American family.

(\*)But today, the American family is very different. First, families are smaller today than before. I mean, people are having fewer children. Second, more and more children are growing up in single-parent families—families with only a mother or only a father.

I'm not going to go into the reasons for that here because I want to focus on the third and biggest change in the American family: the role of married mothers and the effects of this new role. Consider these statistics: In the 1950s, only 11 percent of married mothers worked outside the home. In 2002, about 70 percent of mothers were employed( \* ).

#### Section Two Speak based on one of the following topics: (3 minutes)

- What difference have you noticed between British English and American English?
   e. g. vocabulary difference, grammar difference, spelling difference and the difference in the use of the verbs, prepositions, etc.
- 2. Describe one of the customs in your place?
  - A. The eating customs ( What utensils do you use when eating, chopsticks, knife and fork or fingers? Which is more polite in your place, eating everything on her/his plate or leaving something on her/his plate at the end of the meal? )
  - B. The greeting customs (how do people behave when they say hello, do they shake hands? Do they hug? Or Do they bow?)

国家开放大学(中央广播电视大学)2017年春季学期"开放本科"期末考试

# 高级英语听说(2) 口试题签(3)

## 2017年6月

Today I'm going to talk about greetings in different cultures. And in particular about greetings in more formal work and business settings. Now of course, we all know some of the basic differences in greetings customs, for example, that handshakes are more common in North American and European contexts, while bowing is more common in some Asian cultures, particularly in Japan. But there are also some other differences in rules of politeness that can cause misunderstandings.

(\*) In North America, it is usual to shake hands when you first meet someone. When you shake hands, it should be accompanied by eye contact, a smile, and a friendly greeting such as *How are you*? or *I'm glad to meet you*. In this situation, it is polite to ask someone to call you by your first name. The aim is to look and sound sincere and friendly, and to try to decrease social distance by establishing an equal relationship.

In Japan, it is common to bow when first meeting someone. It is polite to avoid eye contact by looking down. The greeting is usually accompanied by a phrase asking for the other person's help, for example, by using the phrase, *doozo yoroshiku o negai shimasu* which may be translated as "I hope you will be able to help me." The appropriate response is "I ask for your help, too. " The aim is to establish a relationship of mutual dependence where everyone helps each other. (\*)

## Section Two Speak based on one of the following topics: (3 minutes)

- 1. Talk about your tastes and preferences based on one of the following topics:
  - A. What kind of music do you like, classical music or popular music, why?
  - B. What's your favorite kind of food?
  - C. What kind of movies do you like, love story, cartoon, science fiction etc?
  - D. What kind of sports do you like, football, basketball, table tennis, volleyball, tennis, swimming, jogging etc?

2. Describe one of your typical days. What time do you get up? What do you do in the morning and the afternoon? How much time do you spend on your housework? What time do you go to bed? Etc.

国家开放大学(中央广播电视大学)2017年春季学期"开放本科"期末考试

# 高级英语听说(2) 口试

# 成绩单

2017年6月

学 号	姓名	得 分	学 号	姓名	得 分
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	l				

口试教师:\_\_\_\_\_ 主考教师:\_\_\_\_\_

# 国家开放大学(中央广播电视大学)2017年春季学期"开放本科"期末考试

# 高级英语听说(2) 口试评分标准

# (供参考)

## 2017年6月

得分	朗读短文	口头作文
100~90	<ul> <li>● 语音、语调正确;</li> <li>● 朗读流畅,语流自然且 有节奏感;</li> <li>● 语速恰当。</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>能紧扣所给的话题有条理地组织自己的讲话;</li> <li>语言流畅,内容充实;</li> <li>语音、语调正确。</li> </ul>
89 ~ 80	<ul> <li>● 语音、语调正确;</li> <li>● 朗读流畅;</li> <li>● 语速较为恰当。</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>能就所给的话题有条理地组织自己的讲话;</li> <li>语言较流畅,内容较充实;</li> <li>语音、语调正确。</li> </ul>
79 ~ 70	<ul> <li>● 语音、语调基本正确;</li> <li>● 朗读流畅;</li> <li>● 语速较为自然。</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>基本能就所给的话题组织自己的讲话;</li> <li>语言基本流畅,内容欠充实;</li> <li>语音、语调基本正确。</li> </ul>
69 ~ 60	<ul> <li>● 语音、语调基本正确;</li> <li>● 朗读不够连贯,有一些错误。</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>基本能就所给的话题组织自己的讲话;</li> <li>语言欠流畅,内容有限;</li> <li>语音、语调有一些错误。</li> </ul>
59 ~ 0	<ul> <li>● 语音、语调错误较多;</li> <li>● 朗读不连贯,错误较多, 影响意思表达。</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>不能就所给的话题组织自己的讲话;</li> <li>发言无连贯性,几乎无法交际;</li> <li>语音、语调错误严重。</li> </ul>