

试卷代号:1356

国家开放大学2019年秋季学期期末统一考试

高级英语听说(2) 试题

2020年1月

注 意 事 项

一、将你的学号、姓名及分校(工作站)名称填写在答题纸的规定栏内。考试结束后,把试卷和答题纸放在桌上。试卷和答题纸均不得带出考场。

二、仔细阅读题目的说明,并按题目要求答题。答案一定要写在答题纸的指定位置上,写在试卷上的答案无效。

三、用蓝、黑圆珠笔或钢笔答题,使用铅笔答题无效。

Section One (20 points, 2 points each)

Directions: Listen to the conversation and fill in the blanks with the words you hear. Write the words on the Answer Sheet.

Nancy: Hello?

Mari: May I speak to Nancy, please?

Nancy: Speaking.

Mari: Uh hi, uh, my name is Mari, and I'm calling about the room for rent. I saw your ad at the campus (1) _____ office.

Nancy: Oh, right. OK, uh, are you a student?

Mari: Well, right now, I'm just studying English, but I'm planning to start college full-time in (2) _____.

Nancy: I see. Where are you living now?

Mari: I've been living in a house with some other students, but I don't like it there.

Nancy: Why? What's the (3) _____?

Mari: Well, first of all, it's really noisy, and it's not very clean. The other people in the house are real slob. I mean they never lift a finger to clean up after themselves. It really bugs me! I need a place that's cleaner and more private.

Nancy: Well, it's really (4) _____ here. We're not home very much.

Mari: What do you do?

Nancy: I teach English at the college.

Mari: Wait a minute! Didn't we meet yesterday at the (5) _____ exam?

Nancy: Oh . . . you're the girl from Japan! What was your name again?

Mari: Mari.

Nancy: Right. What a small world!

Mari: It really is. By the way, who else lives in the house? The ad said there are three people.

Nancy: Well besides me there's my (6) _____, Andrew, and my cousin, Jeff. He's a musician and a part-time student. Uh, are you OK with having male roommates?

Mari: Sure, as long as they're clean and not too noisy.

Nancy: Don't worry. They're both easy to live with.

Mari: OK. Um, is the neighborhood safe?

Nancy: Oh sure. We haven't had any problems, and you can (7) _____ to school from here.

Mari: Well, it sounds really nice. When can I come by and see it?

Nancy: Can you make it this evening around five? Then you can meet the guys, too.

Mari: Yeah, five o'clock is good. What's the (8) _____?

Nancy: It's 3475 Hayworth Avenue. Do you know where that is?

Mari: No, I don't.

Nancy: OK. From University Village you go seven blocks east on Olympic Avenue. At the intersection of Olympic and Alfred there's a (9) _____. Turn left, and go up one and a half blocks. Our house is in the middle of the block on the left.

Mari: That sounds easy.

Nancy: Yeah, you can't (10) _____ it. Listen, I've got to go. Someone's at the door.
See you this evening.

Mari: OK, see you later. Bye.

Nancy: Bye-bye.

Section Two (20 points, 2 points each)

Part One

Directions: You are going to listen to five short conversations/passages. After each conversation/passage, there is one question. Choose the best answer to each question and write your answers on the Answer Sheet.

Number One: a conversation

11. Who is the student probably talking to?

- A. A secretary.
- B. A TA.
- C. A roommate.

Number Two : an advertisement

12. The speaker is talking about _____.
- A. a safe deposit box
 - B. a car loan
 - C. a home improvement loan

Number Three : a monologue

13. What could happen if you try to bribe a police officer in the United States?
- A. You could be arrested.
 - B. You will get special treatment.
 - C. It could help your business.

Number Four : a conversation

14. How does the girl feel about the boy's hair?
- A. She likes it.
 - B. She does not like it.
 - C. She thinks it's funny.

Number Five : a short speech

15. What is the speaker going to talk about?
- A. How were computers invented?
 - B. The history of computers.
 - C. The three major uses of computers.

Part Two

Directions: You are going to listen to one conversation. After the conversation, there are five questions. Choose the best answer to each question and write your answers on the Answer Sheet.

16. What is the main topic of the conversation?
- A. Telephones.
 - B. Telephone messages.
 - C. Automated phone systems.

17. What doesn't Jenny like?
- A. Phoning.
 - B. Waiting.
 - C. Leaving messages.
18. Why does Stan disagree with Jenny about the job?
- A. He thinks it's a boring job.
 - B. He prefers to speak to a real person.
 - C. He thinks it saves time.
19. Which is true at the end of the conversation?
- A. Jenny contradicts Stan.
 - B. Stan contradicts Jenny.
 - C. Jenny and Stan agree.
20. What does aha mean?
- A. What does that mean?
 - B. I understand.
 - C. I'm not sure. Let me think.

Section Three (30 points, 3 points each)

Directions: You are going to listen to a conversation. There are ten statements after the conversation. Decide whether the following statements are true or false. Write T for true and F for false on the Answer Sheet.

- 21. The baby is asleep.
- 22. Sharon might be good at solving computer problems.
- 23. Jeff and Mari are a couple.
- 24. Sharon is Jeff's neighbour.
- 25. Joey is Sharon's baby girl.
- 26. Jeff and Sharon always help each other.
- 27. Sharon has been married for many years.
- 28. There are fewer and fewer single mothers in America.
- 29. Andrew is Nancy's husband.
- 30. Mari doesn't like the idea of being a single mother.

Section Four (30 points, 3 points each)

Directions: Listen to the lecture and fill in the blanks to complete the notes. Write your answers on the Answer Sheet. The lecture will be read twice.

Speaker's name: Richard Baldwin

Speaker's job: academic advisor at the (31) _____

Topic of the lecture:

A general introduction to the university system in the United States and (32) _____

Specific contents of the lecture:

Three types of university courses for undergraduates:

Type of the course	Description of the course	Importance of the course	Size of the class	Study hours each week
Lecture course	In a lecture course, the professor talks and the students sit and (33) _____.	Very important, because most of the time the information in a lecture is not the same as that in the (34) _____ and you need to take (35) _____ and use them to study for your exams.	Can be as large as two or three (36) _____ students in a lecture course especially at large universitiees.	Four to (37) _____ hours for each lecture course.

Discussion Section	<p>In a discussion section, students can</p> <p>A. ask questions about lectures and the readings</p> <p>B. go over (38) _____</p>	<p>Important, because it ' s some place where you can ask TAs for help.</p>	<p>It's smaller, maybe (39) _____ or 30 students.</p>	<p>Two or three hours each week</p>
The lab class	<p>In a lab class, students do their (40) _____</p>	<p>Especially important for science majors.</p>		<p>Several hours a week.</p>

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座位号□□

国家开放大学2019年秋季学期期末统一考试

高级英语听说(2) 试题答题纸

2020 年 1 月

题 号	Section One	Section Two	Section three	Section four	总 分
分 数					

得 分	评卷人

Section One (20 points, 2 points each)

1.
2.
3.
4.
5.
6.
7.
8.
9.
10.

得 分	评卷人

Section Two (20 points, 2 points each)

11.
12.
13.
14.
15.
16.
17.
18.
19.
20.

得 分	评卷人

Section Three (30 points, 3 points each)

21.
22.
23.
24.
25.
26.
27.
28.
29.
30.

得 分	评卷人

Section Four (30 points, 3 points each)

31.

32.
33.

34.
35.

36.
37.

38.
39.

40.

试卷代号:1356

国家开放大学2019年秋季学期期末统一考试

高级英语听说(2) 试题答案及评分标准

(供参考)

2020年1月

Section One (20 points, 2 points each)

- | | | | | |
|------------|----------|------------|--------------|--------------|
| 1. housing | 2. March | 3. problem | 4. quiet | 5. placement |
| 6. husband | 7. walk | 8. address | 9. stoplight | 10. miss |

Section Two (20 points, 2 points each)

- | | | | | |
|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| 11. B | 12. C | 13. A | 14. A | 15. C |
| 16. C | 17. B | 18. A | 19. C | 20. B |

Section Three (30 points, 3 points each)

- | | | | | |
|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| 21. T | 22. T | 23. F | 24. T | 25. F |
| 26. T | 27. F | 28. F | 29. T | 30. T |

Section Four (30 points, 3 points each)

- | | |
|------------------------------------|-----------------|
| 31. English Language Center/Centre | 32. Canada |
| 33. take notes | 34. book |
| 35. notes | 36. hundred |
| 37. six | 38. homework |
| 39. 20 | 40. experiments |

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国家开放大学2019年秋季学期期末统一考试

高级英语听说(2) 口试题签(1)

2020年1月

Section One

Directions: Read aloud the part between the stars (*). (2 minutes)

Let's take Thailand as an example. I'll never forget my first time there. It was April, the hottest part of the year. And by the way, Thailand doesn't have four seasons like we do here. Um, depending on which part of the country you're in, there are three seasons, the dry season from November to February, the hot season from March to June, and the rainy season from about July to October. Um, so anyway, back to our topic, I was walking down the street in the small village where I lived and suddenly, two teenagers walked past me and as they did, they threw water on me! I was kind of shocked but didn't really mind because it was so hot. (*) Then I realized that it was the 13th, which is Songkran, the Water Festival in Thailand. On that day, people throw water on each other, and also wash the hands of their elders with scented water. It's a custom based on the belief that water will wash away bad luck. Now, this idea of washing away bad things, of cleansing or purifying, is also found in Islamic cultures. For example, when I lived in Saudi Arabia, I learned that traditional Muslims pray five times a day, and before they do, they always wash their faces, hands, and feet with water. And the water has to be very clean and pure. This ritual washing symbolizes the removal of sin and disease, in other words, the cleansing of both body and soul, before speaking to God. (*)

Section Two Speak based on one of the following topics: (3 minutes)

1. What is an entrepreneur? What qualities do all entrepreneurs have in common? Do you have these qualities? Would you like to be an entrepreneur? Why or why not?
2. Describe your friendship based on the following questions:
 - A. What are your friends like?
 - B. Do you see them often?
 - C. How did you become friends?
 - D. How long have you been friends?
 - E. What do you have in common? E. g. Are you similar in personality? Are you interested in similar things? etc.

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国家开放大学2019年秋季学期期末统一考试

高级英语听说(2) 口试题签(2)

2020年1月

Section One

Directions: Read aloud the part between the stars (*). (2 minutes)

Now moving on, the third area I want to look at is eating customs. I don't mean the foods that people like to eat in different countries but rather some of the behaviors that are connected with eating. Um, one of these is the use of utensils. You probably know that people in many Asian cultures use chopsticks while in the West they usually use forks, knives, and spoons. Or for example, in parts of India, and in traditional Arab families, too, it's customary to eat with your fingers or to use a piece of bread to scoop up food. Another example is that in some cultures eating everything on your plate is impolite. In Egypt, for example, you should leave some food in your dish at the end of the meal in order to show that your hosts were generous and gave you more than enough to eat. However, people from Bolivia, in South America, expect visitors to eat everything on their plates, and Americans also think a clean plate means you were satisfied with the food.

(*) Finally, the last area of behavior that I want to mention today is gift giving. The rules of gift giving can be very complicated, and it can be embarrassing if you don't know them. For example, in the United States, if you're invited to someone's home for dinner, you can bring wine or flowers or a small gift from your country, but Americans generally don't give gifts in business situations. On the other hand, the Japanese, like many other people in Asia, give gifts often, especially if they want to thank someone like a teacher or a doctor for their kindness. In Japan, the tradition of gift giving is very ancient, and there are detailed rules for everything from the color of the wrapping paper to the time of the gift presentation. Another interesting fact about gift giving is that many cultures have strict rules about gifts you should not give. For example, never give yellow flowers to people from Iran, or they'll think you hate them! (*)

Section Two Speak based on one of the following topics: (3 minutes)

1. Are you a generation Y—er? If yes, have you got the important characteristics of this generation? What are they? If no, when were you born? What are the important characteristics of your generation?

2. Describe your opinions about pets based on the following questions:

A. Do you like pets? Why or why not?

B. Have you got a pet?

If yes,

a) What pet do you keep?

b) How long have you had it?

c) Why do you want to keep it?

If no,

Why don't you want to keep a pet? Give your reasons.

试卷代号:1356

国家开放大学2019年秋季学期期末统一考试

高级英语听说(2) 口试题签(3)

2020年1月

Section One

Directions: Read aloud the part between the stars (*). (2 minutes)

So . . . uh, this . . . this morning I want to give you a general introduction to the university system in the United States and Canada. First, I'm going to tell you about three types of university courses. And then my second main topic is course requirements . . . uh, course requirements, which means what you have to do in order to pass the course. OK? So I'll talk about those two topics, and then you'll have time to ask questions before we take a break. OK?

(*) All right, now as I said, first I want to tell you about three types of university courses. And I should explain that I'm talking about undergraduate courses now, because the system is different at the graduate level. All right. The most common type of undergraduate course is called a lecture course. Got that? A lecture course. Now basically, in a lecture course, the professor talks and the students sit and take notes.

This is very important—taking notes, I mean . . . because most of the time the information in a lecture is not the same as the information in your books, and you can expect to have questions on your exams that are based on the lectures. So you see, it isn't enough to just read your textbooks, like it is in some countries; in the U. S. and Canada the system is that you have to attend lectures. And during the lecture, you can't just sit there and listen, you have to take notes. Then later you use the notes to study for your exams. I hope that's clear. (*)

Section Two Speak based on one of the following topics: (3 minutes)

1. Where do you live, in a big city, or a small town, or a village? What's your neighborhood like? Is it safe and quiet? Do you like it? Why or why not?
2. Talk about your tastes and preferences based on one of the following topics:
 - A. What kind of music do you like, classical music or popular music, why?
 - B. What's your favorite kind of food?
 - C. What kind of movies do you like, love story, cartoon, science fiction etc?
 - D. What kind of sports do you like, football, basketball, table tennis, volleyball, tennis, swimming, jogging etc?
 - E. Which do you like better, British English or American English? Why?

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国家开放大学2019年秋季学期期末统一考试

高级英语听说(2) 口试

成绩单

2020年1月

学 号	姓 名	得 分	学 号	姓 名	得 分

口试教师：_____ 主考教师：_____

试卷代号:1356

国家开放大学2019年秋季学期期末统一考试
高级英语听说(2) 口试评分标准
(供参考)

2020年1月

得分	朗读短文	口头作文
100~90	<ul style="list-style-type: none">● 语音、语调正确;● 朗读流畅,语流自然且有节奏感;● 语速恰当。	<ul style="list-style-type: none">● 能紧扣所给的话题有条理地组织自己的讲话;● 语言流畅,内容充实;● 语音、语调正确。
89 ~ 80	<ul style="list-style-type: none">● 语音、语调正确;● 朗读流畅;● 语速较为恰当。	<ul style="list-style-type: none">● 能就所给的话题有条理地组织自己的讲话;● 语言较流畅,内容较充实;● 语音、语调正确。
79 ~ 70	<ul style="list-style-type: none">● 语音、语调基本正确;● 朗读流畅;● 语速较为自然。	<ul style="list-style-type: none">● 基本能就所给的话题组织自己的讲话;● 语言基本流畅,内容欠充实;● 语音、语调基本正确。
69 ~ 60	<ul style="list-style-type: none">● 语音、语调基本正确;● 朗读不够连贯,有一些错误。	<ul style="list-style-type: none">● 基本能就所给的话题组织自己的讲话;● 语言欠流畅,内容有限;● 语音、语调有一些错误。
59 ~ 0	<ul style="list-style-type: none">● 语音、语调错误较多;● 朗读不连贯,错误较多,影响意思表达。	<ul style="list-style-type: none">● 不能就所给的话题组织自己的讲话;● 发言无连贯性,几乎无法交际;● 语音、语调错误严重。